

SDS Library

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Chapter 1

Standard SDS

1.1 SDS

```
4   $\langle sds\ 4 \rangle \equiv$   
    def SDS4(I, H):  
  
        while not H():  
  
            I()
```

This code is used in chunk 40.

Defines:

SDS, used in chunk 42a.

1.2 Agent

```
5  <standard agent 5>≡
    class Agent5:
        def __init__(self, active=False, hyp=None):
            self.active = active
            self.hyp = hyp

        @property
        def inactive(self):

            return not self.active

        @property
        def clone(self):

            return ReadOnlyAgent(active=self.active, hyp=self.hyp)

        def __iter__(self):

            yield ("active", self.active)
            yield ("hyp", self.hyp)

        def __str__(self):

            if self.active:

                return str(self.hyp)

            else:

                return "Inactive"
```

This code is used in chunk 40.

Defines:

Agent, used in chunks 6, 7, 35a, and 42a.

1.2.1 Unit test

```
6  <unit tests 6>≡
    def test_agent(self):
        agent = sds.Agent5()
        self.assertIsNone(agent.hyp)
        self.assertFalse(agent.active)
        agent = sds.Agent5(hyp="hello", active=True)
        self.assertEqual(agent.hyp, "hello")
        self.assertTrue(agent.active)
```

This code is used in chunk 42b.

Uses Agent 5.

1.3 Swarm

```

7  <standard swarm 7>≡
    class Swarm7(collections.UserList):
        def __init__(self, agent_count=None, swarm=None, AgentClass=Agent5):

            if swarm is None:

                if agent_count is None:

                    raise ValueError("One of agent_count or swarm must be passed")

                else:

                    self.data = [AgentClass() for _ in range(agent_count)]

            else:

                self.data = swarm

        def __str__(self):

            return ", ".join(
                f"(Hyp:{hyp}, Agents:{cluster_size})"
                for hyp, cluster_size in self.clusters.most_common()
            )

        @property
        def activity(self):

            if not self:

                return 0

            return sum(1 for agent in self if agent.active) / len(self)

        @property
        def clusters(self):

            return collections.Counter(agent.hyp for agent in self if agent.active)

        @property
        def largest_cluster(self):

            try:

                hyp, agents = self.clusters.most_common(1)[0]

            except IndexError:

```

```

        hyp, agents = None, 0

    return Cluster(hyp=hyp, agents=agents, size=agents / len(self))

def report_clusters(self, significant_hypotheses):

    clusters = self.clusters

    opt = tuple((hyp, clusters[hyp]) for hyp in significant_hypotheses)

    active = sum(clusters.values())

    inactive = len(self) - active

    noise_active = active - sum(size for hyp, size in opt)

    log.debug(
        "Opt hyp: %s, active: %s, inactive: %s, noise active: %s",
        opt,
        active,
        inactive,
        noise_active,
    )

    return {
        "opt-hyp": opt,
        "active": active,
        "inactive": inactive,
        "noise active": noise_active,
    }

```

This code is used in chunk 40.

Defines:

Swarm, used in chunks 38a and 42a.

Uses Agent 5.

8a $\langle \text{standard imports 8a} \rangle \equiv$
`import collections`

This code is used in chunk 40.

8b $\langle \text{cluster 8b} \rangle \equiv$
`Cluster = collections.namedtuple("Cluster", ("hyp", "agents", "size"))`

This code is used in chunk 40.

1.4 Modes of iteration

Synchronous iteration

9a $\langle \text{synchronous iteration 9a} \rangle \equiv$

```
def I_sync9a(D, T, swarm):
    def I():

        for agent in swarm:

            D(agent)

        for agent in swarm:

            T(agent)

    return I
```

This code is used in chunk 40.

Defines:

I_sync, used in chunk 42a.

Asynchronous iteration Each agent in the swarm performs diffusion then testing.

9b $\langle \text{iteration variants 9b} \rangle \equiv$

```
def I_async9b(D, T, swarm):

    def I_prime():

        for agent in swarm:

            D(agent)

            T(agent)

    return I_prime
```

This definition is continued in chunk 19.

This code is used in chunk 41a.

Defines:

I_async, never used.

1.5 Modes of diffusion

Passive diffusion

```
10  <passive diffusion 10>≡
    def D_passive10(DH, swarm, rng):
        def D(agent):

            if agent.inactive:

                polled = rng.choice(swarm)

                if polled.active:

                    agent.hyp = polled.hyp

            else:

                agent.hyp = DH()

        return D
```

This code is used in chunk 40.

Defines:

D_passive, used in chunk 42a.

Context-free diffusion

```
11  <diffusion variants 11>≡
    def D_context_free11(DH, swarm, rng):

        def D(agent):

            polled = rng.choice(swarm)

            if agent.inactive or polled.active:

                if agent.inactive and polled.active:

                    agent.hyp = polled.hyp

                else:

                    agent.active = False

                    agent.hyp = DH()

        return D
```

This definition is continued in chunks 12–14.

This code is used in chunk 41a.

Defines:

`D_context_free`, never used.

Context-sensitive diffusion

```
12   $\langle \text{diffusion variants 11} \rangle + \equiv$   
    def D_context_sensitive12(DH, swarm, rng):  
  
        def D(agent):  
  
            polled = rng.choice(swarm)  
  
            if polled.active and agent.inactive:  
  
                agent.hyp = polled.hyp  
  
            else:  
  
                if agent.inactive or polled.active and agent.hyp == polled.hyp:  
  
                    agent.active = False  
  
                    agent.hyp = DH()  
  
        return D
```

This code is used in chunk 41a.

Defines:

D_context_sensitive, never used.

Multi-diffusion

```
13  <diffusion variants 11>+≡
    def D_multidiffusion13(rng, swarm, multidiffusion_amount, DH):
        def D(agent):

            if agent.inactive:

                polled_agents = (rng.choice(swarm) for num in range(multidiffusion_amount))

                active_agents = [agent for agent in polled_agents if agent.active]

                if active_agents:

                    agent.hyp = rng.choice(active_agents).hyp

                else:

                    agent.hyp = DH()

            return D
```

This code is used in chunk 41a.

Defines:

D_multidiffusion, never used.

1.5.1 Diffusion with noisy hypothesis transmission

Noisy diffusion

```

14a  <diffusion variants 11>+≡
      def D_noise14a(swarm, DN, DH, rng):

          def D(agent):

              if agent.inactive:

                  polled = rng.choice(swarm)

                  if polled.active:

                      agent.hyp = DN(polled.hyp)

                  else:

                      agent.hyp = DH()

          return D

```

This code is used in chunk 41a.

Defines:

D_noise, never used.

Gaussian noise

```

14b  <diffusion noise functions 14b>≡
      def DN_gauss14b(mean, sigma, rng):
          """ add noise from a gaussian distribution to hypothesis transmission """

          def DN(hyp):

              return hyp + rng.gauss(mean, sigma)

          return DN

```

This definition is continued in chunk 15a.

This code is used in chunk 41a.

Defines:

DN_gauss, used in chunk 15a.

Normal distribution noise

15a $\langle \text{diffusion noise functions } 14b \rangle + \equiv$

```
def DN_normal15a(rng):
    """ add noise from a normal gaussian distribution to hypothesis
    transmission """

    DN = DN_gauss14b(mean=0, sigma=1, rng=rng)

    return DN
```

This code is used in chunk 41a.

Defines:

DN_normal, never used.

Uses DN_gauss 14b.

1.6 Modes of hypothesis selection**Uniform random**

15b $\langle \text{uniform hypothesis selection } 15b \rangle \equiv$

```
def DH_uniform15b(hypotheses, rng):
    """ uniformly random hypothesis generation """

    def DH():

        return rng.choice(hypotheses)

    return DH
```

This code is used in chunk 40.

Defines:

DH_uniform, used in chunk 42a.

Uniform continuous random

15c $\langle \text{hypothesis selection variants } 15c \rangle \equiv$

```
def DH_continuous15c(min_hyp, max_hyp, rng):

    def DH():

        return rng.uniform(min_hyp, max_hyp)

    return DH
```

This code is used in chunk 41a.

Defines:

DH_continuous, never used.

1.7 Modes of testing

Boolean

```

16a  <boolean testing 16a>≡
      def T_boolean16a(TM):
          """ Boolean testing """

          def T(agent):

              microtest = TM()

              agent.active = microtest(agent.hyp)

          return T

```

This code is used in chunk 40.

Defines:

T_boolean, used in chunks 39c and 42a.

Comparative Each agent performs a random microtest against its own hypothesis and the hypothesis of a randomly selected agent, they become active if their hypothesis returned a higher value than the hypothesis of the polled agent.

```

16b  <testing variants 16b>≡
      def T_comparative16b(TM, swarm, rng):

          def T_prime(agent):

              microtest = TM()

              agent_partial_evaluation = microtest(agent.hyp)

              polled = rng.choice(swarm)

              polled_partial_evaluation = microtest(polled.hyp)

              agent.active = agent_partial_evaluation > polled_partial_evaluation

          return T_prime

```

This definition is continued in chunk 17a.

This code is used in chunk 41a.

Defines:

T_comparative, never used.

Multi-testing

17a $\langle \text{testing variants 16b} \rangle + \equiv$

```
def TM_multitesting17a(microtests, rng, multitesting_amount, combinator):

    def TM():

        microtest_sample = iter(
            rng.choice(microtests) for num in range(multitesting_amount)
        )

        def multi_test(hyp):

            return combinator(microtest(hyp) for microtest in microtest_sample)

        return multi_test

    return TM
```

This code is used in chunk 41a.

Defines:

TM_multitesting, never used.

1.8 Modes of microtest selection**Uniform random**

17b $\langle \text{uniform microtest selection 17b} \rangle \equiv$

```
def TM_uniform17b(microtests, rng):
    """ uniform microtest selection """

    def TM():

        return rng.choice(microtests)

    return TM
```

This code is used in chunk 40.

Defines:

TM_uniform, used in chunk 42a.

1.9 Modes of halting

Fixed iteration

```
18  ⟨fixed iteration halting 18⟩≡
    def H_fixed18(iterations):
        """ makes a function for halting after a fixed number of iterations """

        iteration_count = 0

        def H():

            nonlocal iteration_count

            iteration_count += 1

            if iteration_count > iterations:

                log.log(logging.DEBUG, "h_fixed(%s) halting", iterations)

                return True

            else:

                return False

        return H
```

This code is used in chunk 40.

Defines:

 H.fixed, used in chunk 42a.

Fixed time

19 $\langle \text{iteration variants } 9b \rangle + \equiv$

```
def H_time19(duration):  
  
    start = None  
  
    def H():  
  
        nonlocal start  
  
        if start is None:  
  
            start = datetime.datetime.now()  
  
        return (now - start) > duration  
  
    return H
```

This code is used in chunk 41a.

Defines:

H.time, never used.

Global activity

20a $\langle \text{halting variants 20a} \rangle \equiv$

```
def H_threshold20a(swarm, threshold):
    """ makes a function for halting once the global activity is over a fixed
    threshold """

    def H():

        activity = swarm.activity
        # return activity > threshold
        if activity > threshold:
            log.log(
                SILENT, f"Threshold activity {activity} > threshold {threshold}. halt!"
            )
            return True
        else:
            log.log(
                SILENT,
                "Threshold activity {activity} < threshold {threshold}. not halting",
            )
            return False

    return H
```

This definition is continued in chunks 20–24.

This code is used in chunk 41a.

Defines:

H_threshold, never used.

Largest cluster

20b $\langle \text{halting variants 20a} \rangle + \equiv$

```
def H_largest_cluster_threshold20b(swarm, threshold):
    """ makes a function for halting once the largest cluster activity is over
    a fixed threshold """

    def H():

        return swarm.largest_cluster.size >= threshold

    return H
```

This code is used in chunk 41a.

Defines:

H_largest_cluster_threshold, never used.

Unique hypothesis count

21a $\langle \text{halting variants 20a} \rangle + \equiv$

```
def H_unique_hyp_count21a(swarm, unique_threshold):
    def H():

        unique_hyps = len(swarm.clusters)

        return unique_hyps < unique_threshold

    return H
```

This code is used in chunk 41a.

Defines:

H_unique_hyp_count, never used.

Elite cluster consensus

21b $\langle \text{halting variants 20a} \rangle + \equiv$

```
def H_elite_cluster_consensus21b(swarm, elite_count, rng):

    elite_agents = rng.sample(swarm, elite_count)

    def H():

        elite_agent_gen = (agent for agent in swarm if agent in elite_agents)

        first_elite_agent = next(elite_agent_gen)

        elite_hyp = first_elite_agent.hyp

        return first_elite_agent.active and all(
            elite_agent.active and elite_agent.hyp == elite_hyp
            for elite_agent in elite_agent_gen
        )

    return H
```

This code is used in chunk 41a.

Defines:

H_elite_cluster_consensus, never used.

Global activity stability

22 $\langle \text{halting variants 20a} \rangle + \equiv$

```

def H_stable22(swarm, max_memory_length, stability_threshold, min_stable_iterations):

    memory = collections.deque(maxlen=max_memory_length)

    stable_iterations = 0

    def H():

        nonlocal stable_iterations

        activity = swarm.activity

        memory.append(activity)

        mean_activity = sum(memory) / len(memory)

        deviations = [activity - mean_activity for activity in memory]

        sum_of_squared_deviations = sum(pow(deviation, 2) for deviation in deviations)

        standard_deviation = math.sqrt(sum_of_squared_deviations / len(memory))

        if standard_deviation > stability_threshold:

            stable_iterations = 0

            return False

        stable_iterations += 1

        is_stable = (stable_iterations >= min_stable_iterations)

        return is_stable

    return H

```

This code is used in chunk 41a.

Defines:

H_stable, never used.

Weak halting criterion

23 *<halting variants 20a>+≡*

```

def H_weak23(swarm, threshold_activity, stability_threshold, min_stable_iterations):

    stable_iterations = 0

    if not (
        ((2 * stability_threshold) < 1)
        and ((stability_threshold + threshold_activity) <= 1)
        and (threshold_activity - stability_threshold >= 0)
    ):

        raise ValueError("not valid values")

    def H():

        nonlocal stable_iterations

        activity = swarm.activity

        stability = abs(activity - threshold_activity)

        if stability < stability_threshold:

            stable_iterations += 1

        else:

            stable_iterations = 0

        return stable_iterations > min_stable_iterations

    return H

```

This code is used in chunk 41a.

Defines:

H_weak, never used.

Strong halting criterion

```

24  <halting variants 20a>+≡
    def H_strong24(
        swarm, threshold_cluster_size, stability_threshold, min_stable_iterations # a # b
    ):

        stable_iterations = 0

        swarm_size = len(swarm)

        if not (
            ((2 * stability_threshold) < swarm_size)
            and ((stability_threshold + threshold_cluster_size) <= swarm_size)
            and (threshold_cluster_size - stability_threshold >= 0)
        ):

            raise ValueError(
                (
                    f"not valid values. "
                    f"((2 * stability_threshold) < 1) {(2 * stability_threshold) < 1}}, "
                    f"((stability_threshold + threshold_cluster_size) <= 1) {(stability_threshold + threshold_cluster_size) <= 1}",
                    f"(threshold_cluster_size - stability_threshold >= 0) {(threshold_cluster_size - stability_threshold >= 0)}"
                )
            )

        def H():

            nonlocal stable_iterations

            cluster_size = swarm.largest_cluster.agents

            stability = abs(cluster_size - threshold_cluster_size)

            if stability < stability_threshold:

                stable_iterations += 1

            else:

                stable_iterations = 0

            return stable_iterations > min_stable_iterations

        return H

```

This code is used in chunk 41a.

Defines:

H_strong, never used.

1.9.1 Halting combinators

All functions

25a $\langle \text{halting combinators 25a} \rangle \equiv$

```
def all_functions25a(*function_list):  
    def F():  
  
        results = [function() for function in function_list]  
  
        log.log(SILENT, "all functions %s", results)  
  
        return all(results)  
  
    return F
```

This definition is continued in chunk 25b.

This code is used in chunk 41a.

Defines:

all_functions, never used.

Any functions

25b $\langle \text{halting combinators 25a} \rangle + \equiv$

```
def any_functions25b(*function_list):  
    def F():  
  
        results = [function() for function in function_list]  
  
        log.log(SILENT, "any functions %s", results)  
  
        return any(results)  
  
    return F
```

This code is used in chunk 41a.

Defines:

any_functions, used in chunk 39b.

1.10 Modes of extraction

Rounded clusters

26 $\langle \text{extraction functions 26} \rangle \equiv$

```
def round_clusters26(clusters):  
  
    rounded_clusters = collections.Counter()  
  
    for hyp, size in clusters.items():  
  
        rounded_clusters[round(hyp)] += size  
  
    return rounded_clusters
```

This code is used in chunk 41a.

Defines:

round_clusters, never used.

Chapter 2

Reducing SDS

Confirmation reducing diffusion

```
27 <reducing diffusion 27>≡
    def D_confirmation27(swarm, removed_clusters, DH, rng):

        non_removed_agents = [agent for agent in swarm if not agent.removed]

        def D(agent):

            if agent.removed:

                return

            polled = rng.choice(non_removed_agents)

            if agent.active:

                if polled.active and agent.hyp == polled.hyp:

                    agent.terminating = True

            else:

                if polled.active:

                    if polled.terminating:

                        agent.remove(final_hyp=polled.hyp)
                        non_removed_agents.remove(agent)

                        removed_clusters[polled.hyp] += 1
```

```
        else:

            agent.hyp = polled.hyp

    else:

        agent.hyp = DH()

    return D
```

This definition is continued in chunks 29, 31, and 33.

This code is used in chunk 41b.

Defines:

`D_confirmation`, never used.

Independent reducing diffusion

```

29  <reducing diffusion 27>+≡
    def D_independent29(swarm, removed_clusters, DH, rng):

        remaining_swarm = [agent for agent in swarm if not agent.removed]

        swarm_is_empty = False

        def D(agent):

            nonlocal swarm_is_empty

            if agent.removed or swarm_is_empty:

                return

            while True:

                polled = rng.choice(remaining_swarm)

                if polled is not agent:

                    break

            if agent.inactive and polled.inactive:

                agent.hyp = DH()
                polled.hyp = DH()

            elif agent.active and (not agent.terminating) and polled.inactive:

                polled.hyp = agent.hyp

            elif polled.active and (not polled.terminating) and agent.inactive:

                agent.hyp = polled.hyp

            elif agent.terminating and not polled.terminating:

                polled.remove(final_hyp=agent.hyp)
                remaining_swarm.remove(polled)
                swarm_is_empty = len(remaining_swarm) < 2

                removed_clusters[agent.hyp] += 1

            elif polled.terminating and not agent.terminating:

                agent.remove(final_hyp=polled.hyp)
                remaining_swarm.remove(agent)

```

```
        swarm_is_empty = len(remaining_swarm) < 2

        removed_clusters[polled.hyp] += 1

    elif agent.terminating and polled.terminating:

        both_agents = [agent, polled]
        rng.shuffle(both_agents)
        removed, removing = both_agents

        removed.remove(final_hyp=removing.hyp)
        remaining_swarm.remove(removed)
        swarm_is_empty = len(remaining_swarm) < 2

        removed_clusters[removing.hyp] += 1

    elif agent.hyp == polled.hyp:

        agent.terminating = polled.terminating = True

    return D
```

This code is used in chunk 41b.

Defines:

`D_independent`, never used.

Running mean diffusion

```

31  <reducing diffusion 27>+≡
    def D_running_mean31(DH, quorum_threshold, min_interaction_count, activities, swarm, rng):

        non_removed_agents = [agent for agent in swarm if not agent.removed]

        swarm_is_empty = False

        def D(agent):

            nonlocal swarm_is_empty

            if agent.removed or swarm_is_empty:

                return

            polled = rng.choice(non_removed_agents)

            if agent.inactive:

                agent.memory.clear()

                if polled.active:

                    agent.hyp = polled.hyp

                else:

                    agent.hyp = DH()

            else: # agent is active

                if agent.terminating:

                    if not (agent.hyp == polled.hyp):

                        polled.remove(final_hyp=agent.hyp)
                        non_removed_agents.remove(polled)
                        swarm_is_empty = len(non_removed_agents) < 2

                else: # agent has not sensed quorum

                    activity_at_hypothesis = activities[agent.hyp]/len(non_removed_agents)

                    agent.memory.append(activity_at_hypothesis)

                    interaction_count = len(agent.memory)

```

```
# confidence is 0 if interaction_count < min_iteration_count
confidence = (
    interaction_count >= min_interaction_count
    and (sum(agent.memory) / interaction_count)
)

if confidence >= quorum_threshold:
    # agent has sensed quorum

    agent.terminating = True

return D
```

This code is used in chunk 41b.

Defines:

`D_running_mean`, never used.

Quorum sensing diffusion

33

(reducing diffusion 27)+≡

```

def D_qs33(DH, quorum_threshold, decay, swarm, rng):

    non_removed_agents = [agent for agent in swarm if not agent.removed]

    swarm_is_empty = False

    def D(agent):

        nonlocal swarm_is_empty

        if agent.removed or swarm_is_empty:

            return

        polled = rng.choice(non_removed_agents)

        if agent.inactive:

            agent.confidence = 0

            if polled.active:

                agent.hyp = polled.hyp

            else:

                agent.hyp = DH()

        else: # agent is active

            if agent.terminating:

                if not (agent.hyp == polled.hyp):

                    polled.remove(final_hyp=agent.hyp)
                    non_removed_agents.remove(polled)
                    swarm_is_empty = len(non_removed_agents) < 2

            else: # agent has not sensed quorum

                if polled.active and (agent.hyp == polled.hyp):

                    agent.confidence += 1

                agent.confidence *= decay

                if agent.confidence >= quorum_threshold: # agent has sensed quorum

```

```
agent.terminating = True
```

```
return D
```

This code is used in chunk 41b.

Defines:

D_qs, never used.

2.0.1 Agent and Swarm subclasses

Reducing agent

35a *<reducing agent 35a>*≡

```

class ReducingAgent35a(sds.Agent5):
    def __init__(self, active=False, hyp=None, terminating=False, removed=False):
        super().__init__(active=active, hyp=hyp)
        self.terminating = terminating
        self.removed = removed

    def remove(self, final_hyp):

        self.removed = True
        self.hyp = final_hyp
        self.active = False
        self.terminating = False

    def __str__(self):

        s = super().__str__()

        if self.terminating:

            s = f"{s} Terminating"

        elif self.removed:

            s = f"{self.hyp} Removed"

        return s

    def __iter__(self):

        yield from super().__iter__()
        yield ("terminating", self.terminating)
        yield ("removed", self.removed)

```

This definition is continued in chunks 36 and 37.

This code is used in chunk 41b.

Defines:

ReducingAgent, used in chunks 36 and 37.

Uses Agent 5.

35b *<reducing imports 35b>*≡

```

import sds.standard

```

This code is used in chunk 41b.

Quorum sensing agent

```

36  <reducing agent 35a>+≡
    class QSAgent36(ReducingAgent35a):
        def __init__(
            self, active=False, hyp=None, terminating=False, removed=False, confidence=0
        ):
            super().__init__(
                active=active, hyp=hyp, terminating=terminating, removed=removed
            )
            self.confidence = confidence

        def __str__(self):

            s = super().__str__()

            if self.active:

                s = f"{s} Confidence: {self.confidence:2.2g}"

            return s

        def __iter__(self):

            yield from super().__iter__(self)
            yield ("confidence", self.confidence)

```

This code is used in chunk 41b.

Defines:

QSAgent, never used.

Uses ReducingAgent 35a.

Running mean agent

```

37  <reducing agent 35a>+≡
    class QSRunningMeanAgent37(ReducingAgent35a):
        def __init__(self, active, hyp, terminating, removed, memory):

            super().__init__(
                active=active, hyp=hyp, terminating=terminating, removed=removed
            )

            self.memory = memory

        def new(memory_length):

            return QSRunningMeanAgent37(
                active=False,
                hyp=None,
                terminating=False,
                removed=False,
                memory=collections.deque(maxlen=memory_length),
            )

        def __str__(self):

            s = super().__str__()

            if self.active:

                memory_str = ", ".join(format(avg, ".2g") for avg in self.memory)

                s = f"{s} Confidence: [{memory_str}]"

            return s

        def __iter__(self):

            yield from super().__iter__(self)
            yield ("memory", self.memory)

```

This code is used in chunk 41b.

Defines:

QSRunningMeanAgent, never used.

Uses ReducingAgent 35a.

Reducing swarm

```

38a  <reducing swarm 38a>≡
      class ReducingSwarm38a(sds.standard.Swarm7):
          @property
          def clusters(self):

              return collections.Counter(
                  agent.hyp for agent in self if agent.active or agent.removed
              )

          @property
          def size(self):

              return len(self) - len(self.removed)

          @property
          def removed(self):

              return [agent for agent in self if agent.removed]

```

This code is used in chunk 41b.

Defines:

ReducingSwarm, never used.

Uses Swarm 7.

Reducing halting

```

38b  <reducing halting 38b>≡
      def H_all_terminating38b(swarm):
          def H():

              halt = all(agent.terminating for agent in swarm if not agent.removed)

              return halt

          return H

```

This definition is continued in chunk 39.

This code is used in chunk 41b.

Defines:

H_all_terminating, used in chunk 39b.

39a $\langle \text{reducing halting 38b} \rangle + \equiv$

```
def H_empty_swarm39a(swarm):
    def H():
        return all(agent.removed for agent in swarm)

    return H
```

This code is used in chunk 41b.

Defines:

H_empty_swarm, used in chunk 39b.

39b $\langle \text{reducing halting 38b} \rangle + \equiv$

```
def H_reducing39b(swarm):

    is_empty = H_empty_swarm39a(swarm)
    is_all_terminating = H_all_terminating38b(swarm)

    return halting_methods.any_functions25b(is_empty, is_all_terminating)
```

This code is used in chunk 41b.

Defines:

H_reducing, never used.

Uses any_functions 25b, H_all_terminating 38b, and H_empty_swarm 39a.

Reducing testing

39c $\langle \text{reducing testing 39c} \rangle \equiv$

```
def T_reducing39c(TM):

    T_inner = sds.standard.T_boolean16a(TM=TM)

    def T(agent):

        if not (agent.terminating or agent.removed):

            T_inner(agent)

    return T
```

This code is used in chunk 41b.

Defines:

T_reducing, never used.

Uses T_boolean 16a.

Appendix A

Files

A.1 standard.py

40 $\langle \text{standard.py } 40 \rangle \equiv$
 $\langle \text{standard imports } 8a \rangle$
 import logging
 $\langle \text{init logging } 42c \rangle$
 $\langle \text{standard agent } 5 \rangle$
 $\langle \text{standard swarm } 7 \rangle$
 $\langle \text{cluster } 8b \rangle$
 $\langle \text{sds } 4 \rangle$
 $\langle \text{synchronous iteration } 9a \rangle$
 $\langle \text{passive diffusion } 10 \rangle$
 $\langle \text{uniform hypothesis selection } 15b \rangle$
 $\langle \text{uniform microtest selection } 17b \rangle$
 $\langle \text{fixed iteration halting } 18 \rangle$
 $\langle \text{boolean testing } 16a \rangle$

Root chunk (not used in this document).

A.2 variants.py

41a $\langle \text{variants.py 41a} \rangle \equiv$
 $\langle \text{iteration variants 9b} \rangle$
 $\langle \text{diffusion variants 11} \rangle$
 $\langle \text{diffusion noise functions 14b} \rangle$
 $\langle \text{hypothesis selection variants 15c} \rangle$
 $\langle \text{testing variants 16b} \rangle$
 $\langle \text{halting variants 20a} \rangle$
 $\langle \text{halting combinators 25a} \rangle$
 $\langle \text{extraction functions 26} \rangle$
Root chunk (not used in this document).

A.3 reducing.py

41b $\langle \text{reducing.py 41b} \rangle \equiv$
 $\langle \text{reducing imports 35b} \rangle$
 import logging
 $\langle \text{init logging 42c} \rangle$
 $\langle \text{reducing diffusion 27} \rangle$
 $\langle \text{reducing agent 35a} \rangle$
 $\langle \text{reducing swarm 38a} \rangle$
 $\langle \text{reducing halting 38b} \rangle$
 $\langle \text{reducing testing 39c} \rangle$
Root chunk (not used in this document).

A.4 `--init--.py`

42a `<-init-.py 42a>≡`

```

from sds.standard import (
    Agent5,
    D_passive10,
    DH_uniform15b,
    H_fixed18,
    I_sync9a,
    SDS4,
    Swarm7,
    T_boolean16a,
    TM_uniform17b,
)
__all__ = [
    "Agent5",
    "D_passive10",
    "DH_uniform15b",
    "H_fixed18",
    "I_sync9a",
    "SDS4",
    "Swarm7",
    "T_boolean16a",
    "TM_uniform17b",
]
```

Root chunk (not used in this document).

Uses Agent 5, D_passive 10, DH_uniform 15b, H_fixed 18, I_sync 9a, SDS 4, Swarm 7, T_boolean 16a, and TM_uniform 17b.

A.5 `test-sds.py`

42b `<test-sds.py 42b>≡`

```

<test imports 43>
class TestSDS(unittest.TestCase):
    def setUp(self):
        logging.basicConfig(level=logging.INFO)
        self.log = logging.getLogger(__file__)
<unit tests 6>
```

Root chunk (not used in this document).

42c `<init logging 42c>≡`

```

log = logging.getLogger(__name__)
```

This code is used in chunks 40 and 41b.

```
43  <test imports 43>≡  
    import unittest  
    import sds  
    import sds.standard  
    import sds.reducing  
    import sds.variants  
    import logging  
This code is used in chunk 42b.
```

Appendix B

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