

VIP: A Python package for high-contrast imaging

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Summary

Direct imaging of exoplanets and circumstellar disks at optical and infrared wavelengths requires reaching high contrasts at short angular separations. This can only be achieved through the synergy of advanced instrumentation, such as adaptive optics and coronagraphy, with a relevant combination of observing strategy and post-processing algorithms to model and subtract residual starlight. In this context, VIP is a Python package providing the tools to reduce, post-process and analyze high-contrast imaging datasets, enabling the detection and characterization of directly imaged exoplanets, circumstellar disks, and stellar environments.

Statement of need

VIP (Vortex Image Processing) is a collaborative project which started at the University of Liège, aiming to integrate open-source, efficient, easy-to-use and well-documented implementations of state-of-the-art algorithms used in the context of high-contrast imaging ([Gomez Gonzalez et al., 2017](#)). Two other open-source toolkits for high-contrast imaging with similar purpose and extent as VIP have become available in the last few years: pyklip and pynpoint ([Amara et al., 2015; Stolker et al., 2019; Wang et al., 2015](#)). In each of these, a core (and only) post-processing method is available: the Karhuenen-Loeve Image Projection (KLIP) algorithm ([Soummer et al., 2012](#)), and the (similar) Principal Component Analysis (PCA) algorithm ([Amara & Quanz, 2012](#)), respectively. In contrast, VIP not only implements the PCA algorithm with a variety of flavours, but it also includes a diversity of other post-processing methods, such as ANDROMEDA, KLIP-FMMF, LLSG, NMF or PACO ([Cantalloube et al., 2015; Flasseur et al., 2018; Gomez Gonzalez et al., 2016, 2017; Ruffio et al., 2017](#)). Furthermore, as opposed to VIP, pyklip does not offer any preprocessing options (e.g. PCA-based sky subtraction, image centering or bad frame trimming). pynpoint was originally developed as a PCA-based PSF-subtraction mini-package ([Amara et al., 2015](#)), which was later significantly expanded into an end-to-end processing pipeline including similar options as VIP regarding preprocessing ([Stolker et al., 2019](#)). Nonetheless, the PCA implementation in VIP offers a much wider diversity of options, such as the possibility to carry it out in concentric annuli, and considering a parallactic angle threshold when creating the PCA library. Depending on the high-contrast imaging dataset at hand, different post-processing methods and reduction parameters can lead to better speckle suppression, hence help with the detection of fainter companions ([Dahlqvist et al., 2021](#)). In that regard, VIP is thus better equipped than other existing toolkits. It is

44 also worth mentioning that FFT-based methods are implemented in VIP (default option) for
45 all image operations (rotation, shift and rescaling) as these outperform interpolation-based
46 methods in terms of flux conservation (Larkin et al., 1997). To our knowledge, these FFT-based
47 methods for image operations are not available in other high-contrast imaging packages.

48 The VIP package follows a modular architecture, such that its routines cover a wide diversity
49 of tasks, including:

- 50 ■ image pre-processing, such as sky subtraction, bad pixel correction, bad frame removal,
51 or image alignment and star centering (preproc module);
- 52 ■ modeling and subtracting the stellar point spread function (PSF) using state-of-the-art
53 algorithms that leverage observing strategies such as angular differential imaging (ADI),
54 spectral differential imaging (SDI) or reference star differential imaging (Marois et al.,
55 2006; Ruane et al., 2019; Sparks & Ford, 2002), which induce diversity between speckle
56 and authentic astrophysical signals (psfsub module);
- 57 ■ characterizing point sources and extended circumstellar signals through forward modeling
58 (fm module);
- 59 ■ detecting and characterizing point sources through inverse approaches (invprob module);
- 60 ■ assessing the achieved contrast in PSF-subtracted images, automatically detecting point
61 sources, and estimating their significance (metrics module).

62 The features implemented in VIP as of 2017 are described in Gomez Gonzalez et al. (2017).
63 Since then, the package has been widely used by the high-contrast imaging community for
64 the discovery of low-mass companions (Hirsch et al., 2019; Milli, Hibon, et al., 2017; Ubeira-
65 Gabellini et al., 2020), their characterization (Christiaens et al., 2019, 2018; Delorme et al.,
66 2017; Wertz et al., 2017), the study of planet formation (Maucó et al., 2020; Reggiani et al.,
67 2018; Ruane et al., 2017; Toci et al., 2020), the study of high-mass star formation (Rainot et
68 al., 2022, 2020), the study of debris disks (Milli, Vigan, et al., 2017; Milli et al., 2019), or the
69 development of new high-contrast imaging algorithms (Dahlqvist et al., 2020, 2021; Gomez
70 Gonzalez et al., 2018; Pairet et al., 2021).

71 Given the rapid expansion of VIP, we summarize here all novelties that were brought to the
72 package over the past five years. Specifically, the rest of this manuscript summarizes all major
73 changes since v0.7.0 (Gomez Gonzalez et al., 2017), that are included in the latest release of
74 VIP (v1.3.1). At a structural level, VIP underwent a major change since version v1.1.0, which
75 aimed to migrate towards a more streamlined and easy-to-use architecture. The package now
76 revolves around five major modules (fm, invprob, metrics, preproc and psfsub, as described
77 above) complemented by four additional modules containing various utility functions (config,
78 fits, stats and var). New Dataset and Frame classes have also been implemented, enabling
79 an object-oriented approach for processing high-contrast imaging datasets and analyzing final
80 images, respectively. Similarly, a HCIPostProcAlgo class and different subclasses inheriting
81 from it have been defined to facilitate an object-oriented use of VIP routines.

82 Some of the major changes in each module of VIP are summarized below:

- 83 ■ fm:
 - 84 – new routines were added to create parametrizable scattered-light disk models
85 and extended signals in ADI cubes, in order to forward-model the effect of ADI
86 post-processing (Christiaens et al., 2019; Milli et al., 2012);
 - 87 – the log-likelihood expression used in the negative fake companion (NEGFC) tech-
88 nique was updated, and the default convergence criterion for the NEGFC-MCMC
89 method is now based on auto-correlation (Christiaens et al., 2021);
 - 90 – the NEGFC methods are now fully compatible with integral field spectrograph (IFS)
91 input datacubes.
- 92 ■ invprob:

- 93 – a Python implementation of the ANDROMEDA algorithm (Cantalloube et al.,
94 2015) is now available as part of VIP;
95 – the KLIP-FMMF and LOCI-FMMF algorithms (Dahlqvist et al., 2021; Pueyo, 2016;
96 Ruffio et al., 2017) are now also available in the `invprob` module.
97 – a Python implementation of the PACO algorithm (Flasseur et al., 2018) is now
98 also available, including both the planet detection and flux estimation algorithms.
99 ■ **metrics:**
100 – calculation of standardized trajectory maps (STIM) is now available (Pairet et al.,
101 2019);
102 – functions to calculate completeness-based contrast curves and completeness maps,
103 inspired by the framework in Jensen-Clem et al. (2018) and implemented as in
104 Dahlqvist et al. (2021), have now been added to the `metrics` module.
105 ■ **preproc:**
106 – the module now boasts several new algorithms for (i) the identification of either
107 isolated bad pixels or clumps of bad pixels, leveraging on iterative sigma filtering
108 (`cube_fix_badpix_clump`), the circular symmetry of the PSF (`cube_fix_bad`
109 `pix_annuli`), or the radial expansion of the PSF with increasing wavelength
110 (`cube_fix_badpix_ifs`), and (ii) the correction of bad pixels with iterative spectral
111 deconvolution (Aach & Metzler, 2001) or Gaussian kernel interpolation (both
112 through `cube_fix_badpix_interp`);
113 – a new algorithm was added for the recentering of coronagraphic image cubes
114 based on the cross-correlation of the speckle pattern, after appropriate filtering and
115 log-scaling of pixel intensities (Ruane et al., 2019).
116 ■ **psfsub:**
117 – all principal component analysis (PCA) based routines (Amara & Quanz, 2012;
118 Soummer et al., 2012) have been re-written for improved efficiency, and are now
119 also compatible with 4D IFS+ADI input cubes to apply SDI-based PSF modeling
120 and subtraction algorithms;
121 – an implementation of the Locally Optimal Combination of Images algorithm
122 (Lafrenière et al., 2007) was added;
123 – an annular version of the non-negative matrix factorization algorithm is now available
124 (Gomez Gonzalez et al., 2017; Lee & Seung, 1999);
125 – besides median-ADI, the `medsub` routine now also supports median-SDI.
- 126 We refer the interested reader to release descriptions and GitHub [announcements](#) for a more
127 complete list of all changes, including improvements not mentioned in the above summary.
- 128 Two major convention updates are also to be noted in VIP. All image operations (rotation,
129 scaling, resampling and sub-pixel shifts) are now performed using Fourier-Transform (FT)
130 based methods by default. These have been implemented as low-level routines in the `preproc`
131 module. FT-based methods significantly outperform interpolation-based methods in terms
132 of flux conservation (Larkin et al., 1997). However, given the order of magnitude slower
133 computation of FT-based image rotations, the option to use interpolation-based methods is
134 still available in all relevant VIP functions. The second change of convention concerns the
135 assumed center for even-size images, which is now defined as the top-right pixel among the
136 four central pixels of the image - a change motivated by the new default FT-based methods
137 for image operations. The center convention is unchanged for odd-size images (central pixel).
- 138 Finally, a total of nine jupyter notebook tutorials covering most of the available features in VIP
139 were implemented. These tutorials illustrate how to (i) load and post-process an ADI dataset
140 (quick-start tutorial); (ii) pre-process ADI and IFS datasets; (iii) model and subtract the stellar
141 halo with ADI-based algorithms; (iv) calculate metrics such as the S/N ratio (Mawet et al.,
142 2014), STIM maps (Pairet et al., 2019) and contrast curves; (v) find the radial separation,
143 azimuth and flux of a point source; (vi) create and forward model scattered-light disk models;
144 (vii) post-process IFS data and infer the exact astro- and photometry of a given point source;
145 (viii) use FT-based and interpolation-based methods for different image operations, and assess

146 their respective performance; and (ix) use the new object-oriented framework for VIP.

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