

Derivation of scattering from a solid sphere.

In[195]:= $\$Assumptions := \{R > 0, q > 0, r > 0, \sin[\theta q] \geq 0, \theta q > 0, \theta q \leq \pi/2\}$

We start by looking at a sphere, which is the easiest solid body to work with given its symmetry .
Any scatterer within the solid sphere can be expressed with a spherical coordinate:

In[196]:= $Rvec := \{r \cos[\theta] \sin[\phi], r \sin[\theta] \sin[\phi], r \cos[\phi]\}$

Here ϕ is the angle $Rvec$ makes with the z axis and θ is the angle the xy projection makes with the x axis. The measure with this choice of coordinates is $r^2 d\theta d\cos[\phi]$

We can place the q vector along any direction due to rotational symmetry, easiest direction is z

In[197]:= $qvec = \{0, 0, q\}$

Out[197]= $\{0, 0, q\}$

In[198]:= $Rvec.qvec$

Out[198]= $q r \cos[\phi]$

Some useful normalization constants : surface of the unit sphere, and radial factor for calculating the volume of a sphere:

In[199]:= $Integrate[\sin[\theta], \{\theta, 0, \pi\}, \{\phi, -\pi, \pi\}]$

Out[199]= 4π

In[200]:= $Integrate[r^2, \{r, 0, R\}]$

Out[200]= $\frac{R^3}{3}$

To get the form factor amplitude relative to the centre of the sphere, we integrate the interference contribution from all scatterers on a spherical surface at r :

$$\text{In[201]:= Ashell} = \text{Integrate}\left[\frac{\text{Exp}[I q r \text{Cos}\theta]}{4 \pi}, \{\text{Cos}\theta, -1, 1\}, \{\phi, -\pi, \pi\}\right]$$

$$\text{Out[201]=} \frac{\text{Sin}[q r]}{q r}$$

Which is well known from the Debye formula. To get a the form factor amplitude of a sphere, we have an additional integral over r in $[0 : R]$ taking the measure $4 \pi r^2$ and normalization volume $(4 \pi R^3 / 3)$ into account :

$$\text{In[202]:= Aspherecenter} = \text{Integrate}\left[\text{Ashell} \frac{r^2}{\frac{R^3}{3}}, \{r, 0, R\}\right]$$

$$\text{Out[202]=} \frac{3 \left(-q R \text{Cos}[q R] + \text{Sin}[q R]\right)}{q^3 R^3}$$

Which is the form factor amplitude relative to the centre of the sphere . Any pair distance between two scatterers can be stated as the convolution of two vectors connecting a scatterer to the origin . Fourier transforming the pair distance turns it into products of the Fourier transforms . Hence the form factor is just the form factor amplitude squared :

$$\text{In[203]:= Fsphere} = \text{Aspherecenter}^2$$

$$\text{Out[203]=} \frac{9 \left(-q R \text{Cos}[q R] + \text{Sin}[q R]\right)^2}{q^6 R^6}$$

Reference to form factor of sphere: L . Rayleigh, Proc . R . Soc ., London . A84, 25 (1911) .

Radius of gyration of a sphere :

In[61]:=

$$\text{Solve}\left[\text{Normal}[\text{Series}[\text{Fsphere}, \{q, 0, 3\}]] == 1 - \frac{\text{Rg}^2 q^2}{3}, \text{Rg}^2\right]$$

$$\text{Out[61]=} \left\{\left\{\text{Rg}^2 \rightarrow \frac{3 R^2}{5}\right\}\right\}$$

MSD between random points inside a sphere . (sigma = 2)

$$\text{In[]:= Solve}\left[\text{Normal}[\text{Series}[\text{Fsphere}, \{q, 0, 3\}]] == 1 - \frac{\sigma \text{R}^2 q^2}{6}, \sigma \text{R}^2\right]$$

$$\text{Out[]:=} \left\{\left\{\sigma \text{R}^2 \rightarrow \frac{6 R^2}{5}\right\}\right\}$$

MSD from the centre to any scatterer in the sphere (sigma=1):

In[]:= Solve[Normal[Series[Aspherecenter, {q, 0, 3}]] == $1 - \frac{\sigma R^2 q^2}{6}$, σR^2]

Out[]:= $\left\{ \left\{ \sigma R^2 \rightarrow \frac{3 R^2}{5} \right\} \right\}$

Since the sphere was derived from integrating radial shells, we can also inverse this calculation and rederive the form factor amplitude of the shell by differentiating wrt . R when proper volume and area measures are taken into account .

In[]:= D[$\frac{4 \pi R^3}{3}$ Aspherecenter, R] / (4 πR^2) // Simplify

Out[]:= $\frac{\sin[q R]}{q R}$

The form factor of a spherical shell is

In[204]:= Fshell = Ashell²

Out[204]:= $\frac{\sin[q r]^2}{q^2 r^2}$

MSD from a random site on the surface to another random site on the surface (sigma=2)

In[]:=

Solve[Normal[Series[Fshell, {q, 0, 3}]] == $1 - \frac{Rg^2 q^2}{3}$, Rg2]

Out[]:= $\{\{Rg2 \rightarrow r^2\}\}$

In[]:= Solve[Normal[Series[Fshell, {q, 0, 3}]] == $1 - \frac{\sigma R^2 q^2}{6}$, σR^2]

Out[]:= $\{\{ \sigma R^2 \rightarrow 2 r^2 \}\}$

By construction same result as for Rg2=R2 since sigma=2.

MSD from center to surface . For a sphere this is R by definition . NB sigma = 1.

In[]:= Solve[Normal[Series[Ashell, {q, 0, 3}]] == $1 - \frac{\sigma R^2 q^2}{6}$, σR^2]

Out[]:= $\{\{ \sigma R^2 \rightarrow r^2 \}\}$

The form factor amplitude of a sphere relative to a random point on the surface, is the convolution of a step from the surface to the centre and from the centre to a site inside this sphere:

In[205]:= Asphereshell = Ashell Aspherecenter /. r -> R

Out[205]= $\frac{3 \sin[q R] (-q R \cos[q R] + \sin[q R])}{q^4 R^4}$

MSD from random point on surface to random point inside the sphere (sigma=1):

```
In[ ]:= Solve[Normal[Series[Asphereshell, {q, 0, 3}]] == 1 -  $\frac{\sigma R^2 q^2}{6}$ ,  $\sigma R^2$ ]
```

```
Out[ ]:=  $\left\{ \left\{ \sigma R^2 \rightarrow \frac{8 R^2}{5} \right\} \right\}$ 
```

Comparing to sampled data and saving data for validation:

```
In[206]:= Clear[PARENTDIR, DIR1, DIR01]
```


```
In[207]:= PARENTDIR = Directory[]
```

```
Out[207]:= /home/zqex/source/SEB/Mathematica
```

```
In[208]:= DIR1 := PARENTDIR <> "/Sampled/SolidSphere_R1.000000/"
```

```
DIR01 := PARENTDIR <> "../Examples/Validation/SolidSphere_R1/"
```

```
CreateDirectory[DIR01];
```

 **CreateDirectory:** /home/zqex/source/SEB/Examples/Validation/SolidSphere_R1/ already exists.

```
In[211]:= SaveFunction[func_, filename_, NN_, qmin_, qmax_] := Module[{}, Export[filename,
    {#, N[func[#]]} & /@ Table[10^(Log[10, qmax/qmin]*i/NN + Log[10, qmin]), {i, 0, NN}]]
    SetAttributes[SaveFunction, HoldAll]
```

```
In[213]:= Clear[qvec, qq]
```

```
In[214]:= qvec[qmin_, qmax_, NN_] :=
    Table[10^(Log[10, qmax/qmin]*i/NN + Log[10, qmin]), {i, 0, NN}]
    qq := qvec[0.8, 50, 500] // N
```

Form factor :

```
In[327]:= Clear[Term, Func1, DATA]
Term[q_] = Fsphere
Func1[q_] := Term[q] /. R -> 1
FILE = "FF.q";
OFILE = DIR01 <> "F.dat"
SaveFunction[Func1, OFILE, 200, 0.01, 50];
DATA = {#[[1]], Abs[#[[2]]]} & /@ Delete[Import[DIR1 <> FILE, "Table"], 1];
ListLogLogPlot[{DATA, {#, Abs[Func1[#]]} & /@ qq},
  PlotStyle -> {{Red, Thick}, Black}, Joined -> {False, True}]
```

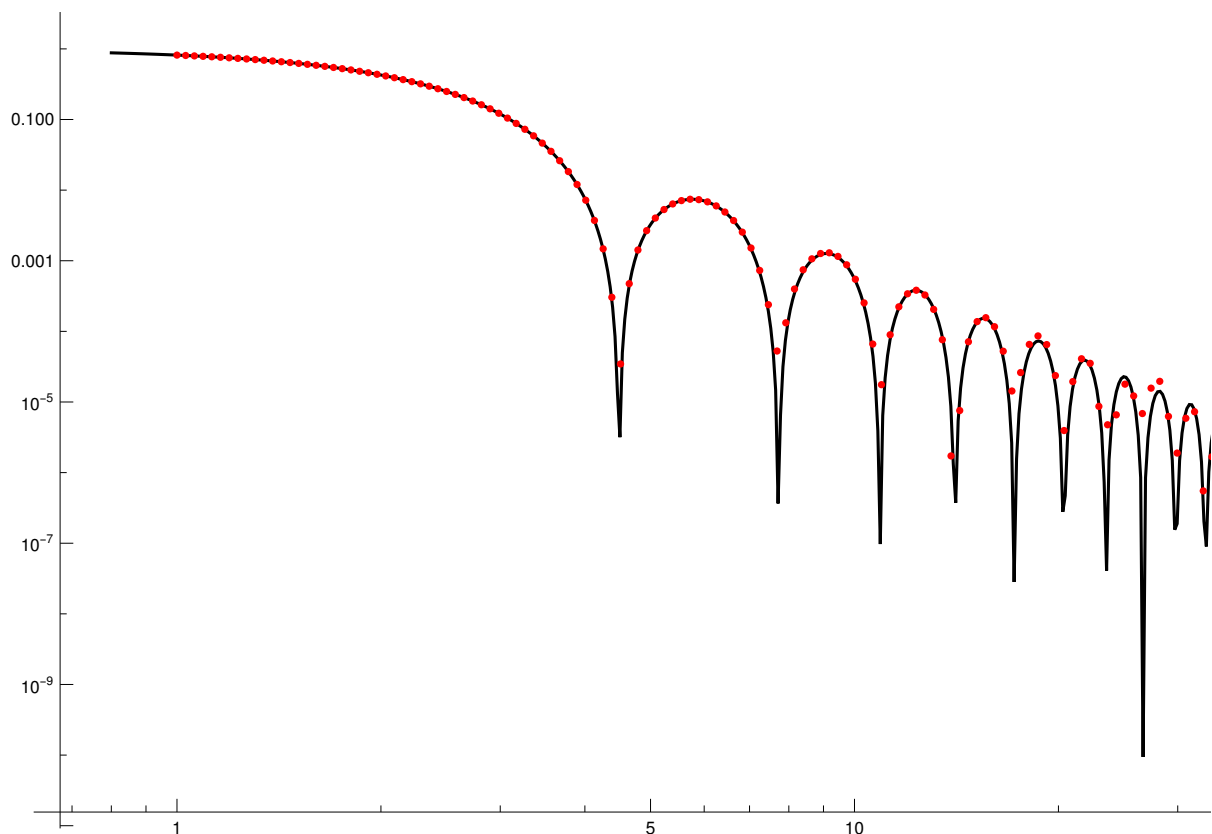
Out[328]=

$$\frac{9 \left(-q R \cos[q R] + \sin[q R] \right)^2}{q^6 R^6}$$

Out[331]=

/home/zqex/source/SEB/Mathematica/./Examples/Validation/SolidSphere_R1/F.dat

Out[334]=



Form factor amplitude (center) :

```
In[335]:= Clear[Term, Func1, DATA, FILE, OFILE]
Term[q_] = Aspherecenter
Func1[q_] := Term[q] /. R -> 1
FILE = "FFA_center.q";
OFILE = DIR01 <> "FFA_center.dat"
SaveFunction[Func1, OFILE, 200, 0.01, 50];
DATA = {#[[1]], Abs[#[[2]]]} & /@ Delete[Import[DIR1 <> FILE, "Table"], 1];
ListLogLogPlot[{DATA, {#, Abs[Func1[#]]} & /@ qq},
  PlotStyle -> {{Red, Thick}, Black}, Joined -> {False, True}]
```

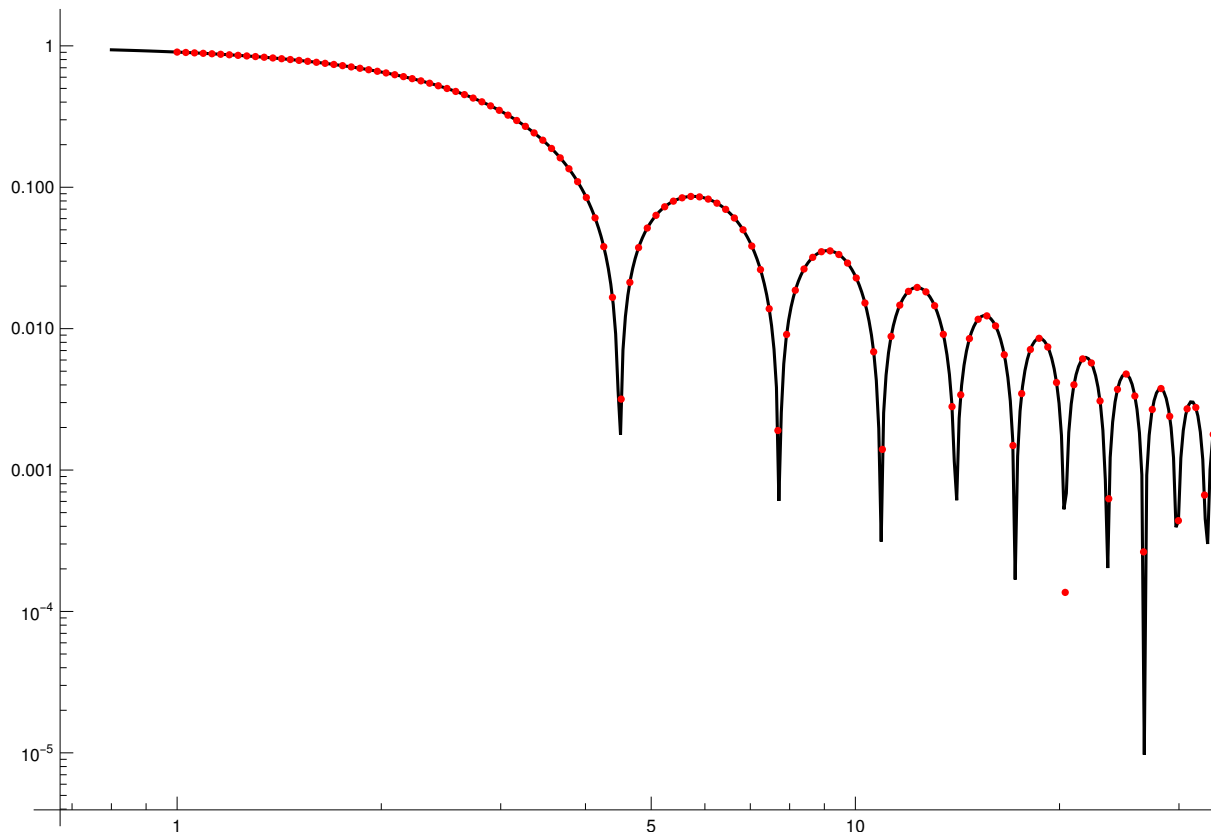
Out[336]=

$$\frac{3 \left(-q R \cos[q R] + \sin[q R] \right)}{q^3 R^3}$$

Out[339]=

```
/home/zqex/source/SEB/Mathematica/./Examples/Validation/SolidSphere_R1/FFA_center.
dat
```

Out[342]=



Form factor amplitude relative to surface:

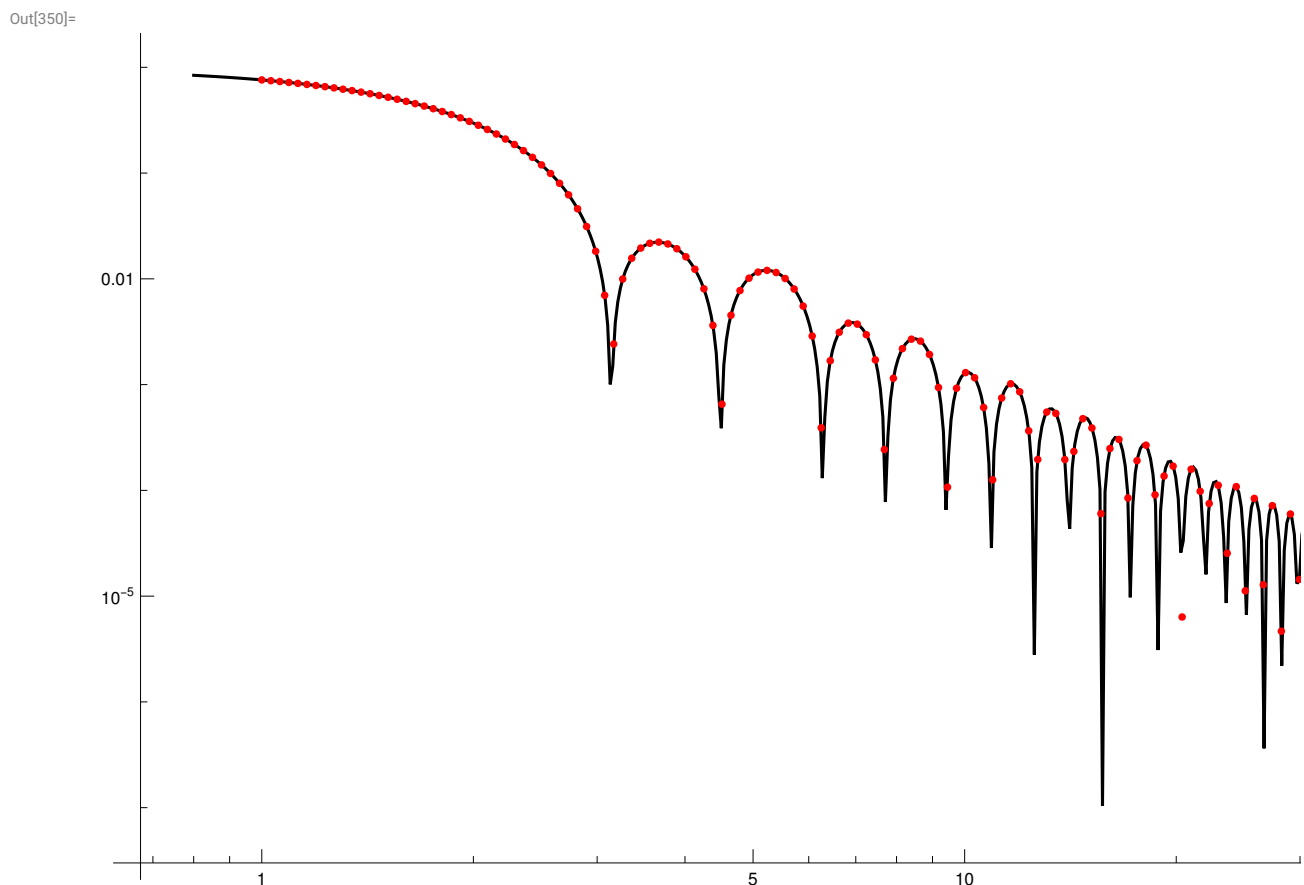
```
In[343]:= Clear[Term, Func1, DATA, FILE, OFILE]
Term[q_] = Asphereshell
Func1[q_] := Term[q] /. R -> 1
FILE = "FFA_surface.q";
OFILE = DIR01 <> "FFA_surface.dat"
SaveFunction[Func1, OFILE, 200, 0.01, 50];
DATA = {#[[1]], Abs[#[[2]]]} & /@ Delete[Import[DIR1 <> FILE, "Table"], 1];
ListLogLogPlot[{DATA, {#, Abs[Func1[#]]} & /@ qq},
  PlotStyle -> {{Red, Thick}, Black}, Joined -> {False, True}]
```

```
Out[344]=
```

$$\frac{3 \sin[q R] (-q R \cos[q R] + \sin[q R])}{q^4 R^4}$$

```
Out[347]=
```

/home/zqex/source/SEB/Mathematica/./Examples/Validation/SolidSphere_R1/FFA_surface.
dat



Phase factor relative to center-to-surface:

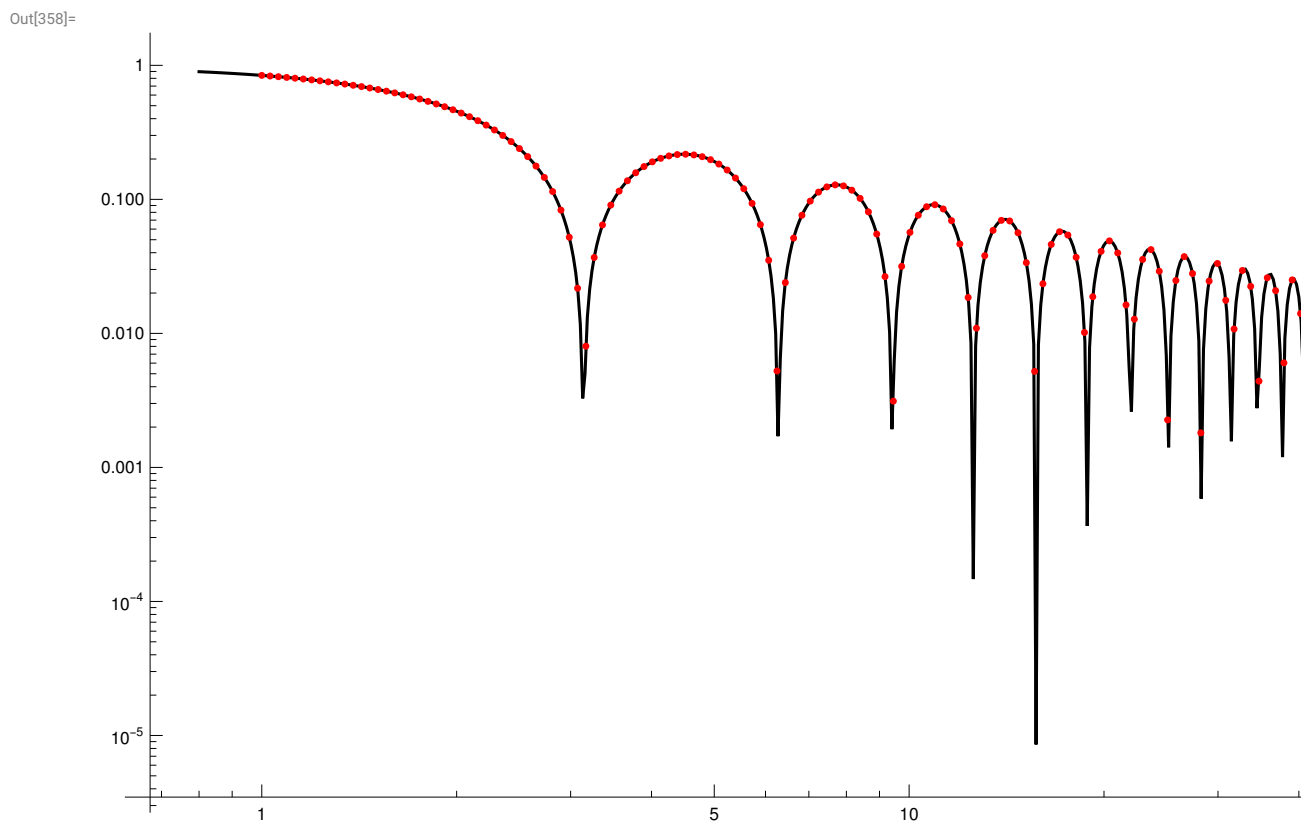
```
In[351]:= Clear[Term, Func1, DATA, FILE, OFILE]
Term[q_] = Ashell
Func1[q_] := Term[q] /. r -> 1
FILE = "PF_center_surface.q";
OFILE = DIR01 <> "PF_center_surface.dat"
SaveFunction[Func1, OFILE, 200, 0.01, 50];
DATA = {#[[1]], Abs[#[[2]]]} & /@ Delete[Import[DIR1 <> FILE, "Table"], 1];
ListLogLogPlot[{DATA, {#, Abs[Func1[#]]} & /@ qq},
  PlotStyle -> {{Red, Thick}, Black}, Joined -> {False, True}]
```

Out[352]=

$$\frac{\sin[qr]}{qr}$$

Out[355]=

/home/zqex/source/SEB/Mathematica/./Examples/Validation/SolidSphere_R1/PF_center_surface.dat



Phase factor surface-to-surface:

```

In[359]:= Clear[Term, Func1, DATA, FILE, OFILE]
Term[q_] = Fshell
Func1[q_] := Term[q] /. r -> 1
FILE = "PF_surface_surface.q";
OFILE = DIR01 <> "PF_surface_surface.dat"
SaveFunction[Func1, OFILE, 200, 0.01, 50];
DATA = {#[[1]], Abs[#[[2]]]} & /@ Delete[Import[DIR1 <> FILE, "Table"], 1];
ListLogLogPlot[{DATA, {#, Abs[Func1[#]]} & /@ qq},
  PlotStyle -> {{Red, Thick}, Black}, Joined -> {False, True}]

```

Out[360]=

$$\frac{\sin[q r]^2}{q^2 r^2}$$

Out[363]=

```

/home/zqex/source/SEB/Mathematica/./Examples/Validation/SolidSphere_R1/PF_surface
_surface.dat

```

Out[366]=

